MINA'BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2005 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 36 (EC)

Introduced by:

L.A. Leon Guerrero

AN ACT TO REQUIRE MANDATORY PUBLIC ON HEARINGS CERTAIN LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTIONS TO ENSURE **PUBLIC** THROUGH THE AMENDMENT OF SECTION 2103 OF CHAPTER 2 OF TITLE 2, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

2 Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that while public hearings are mandatory for legislative bills, 3 public hearings for legislative resolutions are not. There have been 4 many instances when a resolution of significant importance—stating the 5 Legislature's position, on behalf of the people of Guam—had been 6 7 transmitted to high-ranking officials in Washington, D.C. or to heads of foreign nations without public input. Such should not be the case, as the 8

public should be given the opportunity to comment on resolutions 9 10

containing issues that affect them to ensure that the stance the

Legislature is taking in the resolution is reflective of what the public

12 desires.

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13 It is therefore the intent of I Liheslaturan Guahan to require public

hearings on substantive resolutions that are to be transmitted to the U.S.

Congress, the U.S. President, or the head of a foreign state. 15

16 Section 2. Section 2103 of Chapter 2 of Title 2, Guam Code

Annotated, is hereby amended to read as follows: 17

"§2103. Public Hearings Mandatory. (a) No bill may be passed by the Legislature unless it has received a public hearing, except that when the presiding officer of the Legislature certifies that emergency conditions exist, involving danger to the public health or safety, the requirement for a public hearing may be waived and in the event the bill is identical to a bill introduced earlier, which later bill received a public hearing, then a public hearing for the identical bill may be waived.

(b) No substantive resolution that is to be transmitted to the U.S. President; a member of the U.S. Congress; or a head of a foreign state, may be passed by the Legislature unless it has received a public hearing."

Section 3. Severability. If any of the provisions of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any other provision or application of this Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.